was removed under vacuum and the residue taken up in MeOH. The flavonoids were purified using paper chromotography (TBA and 15% HOAc) and identified according to Mabry et al.³ The sugar moieties of the flavonoids were chromatographically identified on Avicel (TG-101) plates in EtOAc-HOAc-H₂O (9:2:2), iso-PrOH-HOAc-H₂O (60:1:39), n-BuOH-EtOH-H₂O (40:11:19)⁴ and EtOAc-pyridine-H₂O (12:4:5)⁵ and by paper chromatography using EtOAc-pyridine-H₂O (12:5:4).⁶ The sugars were detected with a periodate positive benzidine hydrochloride reagent or a p-anisidine hydrochloride reagent.⁶ The phenolic acids were identified according to Wallace.⁷ A more detailed account of the above can be found in Mc-Gowan.⁸

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Key Word Index—Cirsium lanceolatum; Compositae; flavonol glycosides; apigenin 7-diglucoside; genkwanin 4'-glucoside; phenolic acids.

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FLAVONOL-3-GLUCOSIDES IN EIGHT EUPATORIUM SPECIES

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Plants and sources. Almost all the plants were collected by Dr. R. K. Godfrey to whom the authors are grateful. Eupatorium album L. (in clearing 16 miles west of Tallahassee, on Nov. 5, 1961; FSU herbarium No. 68 317). E. capillifolium (Lam.) Small. (near Tallahassee, on Oct. 2, 1961; Godfrey No. 61 490). E. capillifolium perfoliatum (along Florida route 361, 2 miles from the coast in Taylor County, Florida, on Oct. 14, 1961; Houk No. 370, FSU herbarium No. 67 390). E. coelestinum L.* (near St. Marks, Wakulla Co., on Oct. 2, 1961; FSU herbarium No. 66 988). E. cuneifolium Willd. (in the vicinity of Lake Seminole, north of Sneads, Florida; Godfrey No. 61 389 and 3 miles west of Ponce de Leon, Holmes Co., Florida along US 90; Lazor No. 928). E. hyssopifolium L. var. calcaratum (diploid) (in Leon County, Florida, on Aug. 28, 1968; Godfrey No. 68-119). E. perfoliatum L. (in vicinity of St. Marks, Wakulla Co., on Oct. 2, 1961; Godfrey No. 61 493 and at crossing of side road and Florida route 20, 7 miles east of Hosford, Florida, on Sept. 20, 1968; Lazor No. 1218). E. 'recurvans' Small. (a special naturally occurring hybrid of E. recurvans and

^{*} Revised to Conoclinium coelestinum (L.) A. P. DECANDOLLE, R. M. KING and H. ROBINSON, Phytologia 19, 299 (1970).

E. rotundifolium) (4 miles north of Carabelle, Franklin Co., Florida; along Florida route 67, on Aug. 4, 1968; FSU herbarium No. 67 977). E. rotundifolium L. (in vicinity of Hosford, Liberty Co., on Nov. 5, 1961; Godfrey No. 61 642). E. rugosum Houtt. (along Apalachicola river, west of Hosford, Florida, on Nov. 5, 1961; FSU herbarium No. 68 144).

Previous work. E. rotundifolium: Tumor inhibitory sesquiterpene lactones, ¹⁻³ hispidulin; ⁴ E. cuneifolium: hispidulin and eupafolin, ⁴ tumor inhibitory sesquiterpene lactone epuacunin; ^{5,*} E. perfoliatum: ⁶ terpenes; ⁷ E. capillifolium: alkaloids, ⁸ essential oils. ⁹

Compounds isolated. Quercetin, kaempferol, quercetin 3-β-galactoside (hyperoside), kaempferol 3-β-glucoside (astragalin), quercetin 3-rutinoside (rutin) and kaempferol 3-rutinoside isolated from the methanolic extracts of the aerial parts of the plants by the methods described earlier¹⁰ and identified by direct comparison with authentic materials, cochromatography (TLC, 3 solvents) and UV analysis. Though the pattern of the compounds present in all the species and varieties is almost same, minute variations do occur; for instance, hyperoside and astragalin were the only compounds present in E. capillifolium, E. capillifolium perfoliatum and E. cuneifolium (Lazor 928). Likewise, only rutin and kaempferol 3-rutinoside were present in E. alba, E. 'recurvans' and E. rugosum. Kaempferol and quercetin as aglycones are represented only in E. cuneifolium (Lazor 928) and E. hyssopifolium. The ether fraction of E. hyssopifolium yielded an interesting compound which is being characterized. Instead of hyperoside, quercetin 3-glucoside appears in E. hyssopifolium.

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Key Word Index—Eupatorium spp.; Compositae; 3-glucosides and 3-rutinosides of kaempferol and quercetin.